UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2021

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to

Commission file number: 001-36046

Axogen, Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Minnesota

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

13631 Progress Blvd., Suite 400 Alachua, FL (Address of principal executive offices) 41-1301878 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

> 32615 (Zip Code)

386-462-6800

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Not Applicable

(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Title of each class</u>	Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value	AXGN	The Nasdaq Stock Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \Box No \Box

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes 🛛 No 🗇

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "scalerated filer," and "emerging growth company," in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	0	Accelerated filer	۵
Non-accelerated filer	0	Smaller reporting company	۵
		Emerging growth company	۵

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🛛 No 🖓

As of October 29, 2021, the registrant had 41,562,559 shares of common stock outstanding.

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Forward-Looking Statements

From time to time, in reports filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") (including this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q), in press releases, and in other communications to shareholders or the investment community, Axogen, Inc. (including Axogen, Inc.'s wholly owned subsidiaries, Axogen Corporation, Axogen Processing Corporation and Axogen Europe GmbH, the "Company," "Axogen," "we," "our," or "us") may provide forward-looking statements, as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, concerning possible or anticipated future results of operations or business developments. Words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "projects," "forecasts," "continue," "may," "should," "will," "goals," variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements may include, without limitation, statements regarding our assessment of our internal controls over financial reporting, our growth, the impact of COVID-19, product development, product potential, regulatory process and approvals, Axogen Processing Center renovation timing and expense, financial performance, sales growth, product adoption, market awareness of our products, data validation, and our visibility at and sponsorship of, conferences and educational events. The forward-looking statements are and will be subject to risks and uncertainties, which may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements contained in the risk factors and cautionary statements set forth in our filings with the SEC, including as described in "Risk Factors" included in Item 1A and "Risk Factor Summary" included in our 2020 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, and actual results may differ materially from those projected. Forward-looking statements are representative only as of t

PART 1 — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1 — FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Axogen, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited) (In Thousands, Except Share and Per Share Amounts)

-		September 30, 2021		December 31, 2020	
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	46,730	\$	48,767	
Restricted cash		6,333		6,842	
Investments		44,989		55,199	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$173 and \$416, respectively		18,567		17,618	
Inventory		15,453		12,529	
Prepaid expenses and other		2,896		4,296	
Total current assets		134,968		145,251	
Property and equipment, net		56,328		38,398	
Operating lease right-of-use assets		15,588		15,614	
Finance lease right-of-use assets		47		64	
Intangible assets, net		2,701		2,054	
Other long-term assets		339		_	
Total assets	\$	209,971	\$	201,381	
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	21,685	\$	21,968	
Current maturities of long-term lease obligations		1,674		863	
Total current liabilities		23,359		22,831	
Long-term debt, net of financing fees		46,238		32,027	
Long-term lease obligations		21,271		20,874	
Debt derivative liabilities		3,822		2,497	
Other long-term liabilities				_,.,	
Total liabilities		94,690		78,232	
Commitments and contingencies - see Note 13					
Shareholders' equity:					
Common stock, \$0.01 par value per share; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 41,558,929 and 40,618,766 shares issued and outstanding		415		406	
Additional paid-in capital		340,212		326,390	
Accumulated deficit		(225,346)		(203,647	
		115 001		123,149	
Total shareholders' equity		115,281		125,145	

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Axogen, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) (In Thousands, Except Share and Per Share Amounts)

		Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended			
	5	September 30, 2021		September 30, 2020	 September 30, 2021		September 30, 2020
Revenues	\$	31,204	\$	33,428	\$ 95,821	\$	79,805
Cost of goods sold		5,239		5,697	17,503		16,118
Gross profit		25,965		27,731	78,318		63,687
Costs and expenses:							
Sales and marketing		18,370		17,726	55,594		49,854
Research and development		6,404		4,230	17,875		12,915
General and administrative		7,880		6,820	 24,912		18,726
Total costs and expenses		32,654		28,776	98,381		81,495
Loss from operations		(6,689)		(1,045)	 (20,063)		(17,808)
Other (expense) income:							
Investment income		17		28	80		576
Interest expense		(417)		(397)	(1,427)		(459)
Change in fair value of derivatives		(46)		(71)	(152)		(71)
Other expense		(6)		6	 (137)		(14)
Total other (expense) income, net		(452)		(434)	 (1,636)	_	32
Net Loss	\$	(7,141)	\$	(1,479)	\$ (21,699)	\$	(17,776)
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic and diluted		41,467,596		40,093,588	 41,087,568		39,873,167
Loss per common share — basic and diluted	\$	(0.17)	\$	(0.04)	\$ (0.53)	\$	(0.45)

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Axogen, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) (In Thousands)

	Nine	Nine Months Ended		
	September 30, 2021	Sep	September 30, 2020	
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net loss	\$ (21,6	99) \$	(17,776	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:				
Depreciation	2,0		993	
Amortization of right-of-use assets	1,4		1,28	
Amortization of intangible assets	1		11	
Amortization of deferred financing fees	3		2	
Provision for bad debt	(1	,	(11:	
Provision for inventory write-down	2,8		2,10	
Change in fair value of derivatives	1		7	
Change in investment gains and losses		49	(2	
Share-based compensation	9,4	0	5,72	
Change in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable	(8)	4)	(1,70	
Inventory	(5,7	4)	(17)	
Prepaid expenses and other	1,1	46	(84-	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(9	.7)	(91	
Operating lease obligations	(1	4)	(1,21	
Cash paid for interest portion of finance leases		(1)	(.	
Contract and other liabilities		(3)	(
iet cash used in operating activities	(11,8	1)	(12,46	
ash flows from investing activities:				
Purchase of property and equipment	(20,6	1)	(18,90	
Economic development grant proceeds		50	-	
Purchase of investments	(39,1	(9)	(41,79	
Proceeds from sale of investments	49.3		63,48	
Cash payments for intangible assets	(5)	4)	(39	
iet cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(10,0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,38	
ash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt	15,0)0	35,00	
Proceeds from the paycheck protection program	10,0		7,82	
Repayment of paycheck protection program		_	(7,82	
Payments for debt issuance costs		_	(64)	
Payments of employee tax withholding in exchange of common stock awards		_	(66)	
Cash paid for debt portion of finance leases		2)	(1)	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	4,4		2,27	
· ·			35,95	
et cash provided by financing activities				
let (decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	(2,5		25,88	
ash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of period	<u> </u>		41,72	
asi, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period			07,00	
upplemental disclosures of cash flow activity:				
ash paid for interest, net of capitalized interest	\$ 6	46 \$	37	
upplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:				
equisition of fixed assets in accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 1,4		1,27	
btaining a right-of-use asset in exchange for a lease liability	\$ 1,3		14,11	
mbedded derivative associated with the long-term debt	\$ 1,1		2,56	
cquisition of intangible assets in accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 2	51 \$	-	

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Axogen, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (unaudited) (In Thousands, Except Share Amounts)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in		Accumulated		Total Shareholders		
	Shares		Amount	7	Capital		Deficit	10	Equity
Three Months Ended September 30, 2021									
Balance at June 30, 2021	41,337,108	\$	413	\$	336,495	\$	(218,205)	\$	118,703
Net Loss	—		—		—		(7,141)		(7,141)
Stock-based compensation	—		—		2,911		—		2,911
Issuance of restricted and performance stock units	67,249		1		(1)		—		—
Exercise of stock options and employee stock purchase plan	154,572	_	1		807				808
Balance at September 30, 2021	41,558,929	\$	415	\$	340,212	\$	(225,346)	\$	115,281
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021									
Balance at December 31, 2020	40,618,766	\$	406	\$	326,390	\$	(203,647)	\$	123,149
Net Loss	_		_		_		(21,699)		(21,699)
Stock-based compensation	_		_		9,410		_		9,410
Issuance of restricted and performance stock units	206,193		2		(2)		_		—
Exercise of stock options and employee stock purchase plan	733,970		7		4,414		_		4,421
Balance at September 30, 2021	41,558,929	\$	415	\$	340,212	\$	(225,346)	\$	115,281
Three Months Ended September 30, 2020									
Balance at June 30, 2020	40,022,499	\$	400	\$	315,518	\$	(196,158)	\$	119,760
Net Loss	—		_		—		(1,479)		(1,479)
Stock-based compensation	—		_		2,947		_		2,947
Issuance of restricted and performance stock units	22,529		_		—		_		
Shares surrendered by employees to pay tax withholdings	(1,230)		—		(8)		—		(8)
Exercise of stock options and employee stock purchase plan	80,043		1		492				493
Balance at September 30, 2020	40,123,841	\$	401	\$	318,949	\$	(197,637)	\$	121,713
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020									
Balance at December 31, 2019	39,589,755	\$	396	\$	311,618	\$	(179,861)	\$	132,153
Net Loss			_				(17,776)		(17,776)
Stock-based compensation	_		_		5,725		_		5,725
Issuance of restricted and performance stock units	168,311		2		(2)				
Shares surrendered by employees to pay tax withholdings	(38,086)		(1)		(664)		_		(665)
Exercise of stock options and employee stock purchase plan	403,861		4		2,272		_		2,276
Balance at September 30, 2020	40,123,841	\$	401	\$	318,949	\$	(197,637)	\$	121,713

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Axogen, Inc. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)

Unless the context otherwise requires, all references in these Notes to "Axogen," the "Company," "we," "us" and "our" refer to Axogen, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries Axogen Corporation ("AC"), Axogen Processing Corporation, and Axogen Europe GmbH.

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company as of September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020. The Company's condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X, and therefore, do not include all information and footnotes necessary for a fair presentation of consolidated financial position, results of operations, and cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP") and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2020, which are included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited and in the opinion of management, reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of results for the full year. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year due primarily to the impact of the continued uncertainty of general economic conditions that may impact our markets for the remainder of fiscal year 2021. Specifically, there can be no assurances that resurgences of coronavirus ("COVID-19") will not affect future results.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Concentration

The Company considers highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less at the date of acquisition as cash equivalents in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements. The Company has not experienced any losses related to these balances; however, as of September 30, 2021, \$45,962 of the cash and cash equivalents balance was in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation limits. As of September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company had restricted cash balances of \$6,333 and \$6,842, respectively. The September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 balances both include \$6,000, which represents collateral for an irrevocable standby letter of credit. The September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 balances include \$83 and \$842, respectively, which is the balance of the Heights Union Escrow Account (See Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies). Additionally, the September 30, 2021 balance includes an additional irrevocable standby letter of credit in the amount of \$250 (See Note 10 - Long Term Debt).

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported within the condensed consolidated balance sheets that sum to the total of the same amounts shown in the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows:

(In thousands)	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 46,730	\$ 48,767
Restricted cash	6,333	6,842
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash shown in the statement of cash flows	\$ 53,063	\$ 55,609

Revenue Recognition

The Company enters into contracts to sell and distribute products and services to hospitals and surgical facilities for use in caring for patients with peripheral nerve damage or transection. Revenue is recognized when the Company has met its performance obligations pursuant to its contracts with its customers in an amount that the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for the transfer of control of the products and services to the Company's customers.



In the case of products or services sold to a customer under a distribution or purchase agreement, the customers are granted exclusive distribution rights to sell the implants internationally in a territory defined by the contract. These international distributor agreements contain provisions that allow the Company to terminate the distribution agreement with the distributor, and upon termination, the right to repurchase inventory from the distributor at the distributor's cost. The Company has determined that its contractual rights to repurchase distributor inventory upon termination of the distributor agreement are not substantive and do not impact the timing of when control transfers; and, therefore, the Company has determined it is appropriate to recognize revenue when: i) the product is shipped via common carrier; or ii) the product is delivered to the customer or distributor's ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, the implants received from the Company. Changes in these assessments could have an impact on the timing of revenue recognition from sales to distributors.

A portion of the Company's product revenue is generated from consigned inventory maintained at hospitals and independent sales agencies, and also from inventory physically held by field sales representatives. For these types of product sales, the Company retains control until the product has been used or implanted, at which time revenue is recognized.

The Company accounts for shipping and handling activities as a fulfillment cost rather than a separate performance obligation. Amounts billed to customers for shipping and handling are included as part of the transaction price and recognized as revenue when control of the underlying products is transferred to the customer. The related shipping and freight charges incurred by the Company are included in cost of goods sold.

The Company operates in a single reportable segment of peripheral nerve repair, offers similar products to its customers, and enters into consistently structured arrangements with similar types of customers. As such, the Company does not disaggregate revenue from contracts with customers as the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows does not materially differ within and among the contracts with customers.

The contract with the customer states the final terms of the sale, including the description, quantity, and price of each implant distributed. The payment terms and conditions in the Company's contracts vary; however, as a common business practice, payment terms are typically due in full within thirty to sixty days of delivery. Since the customer agrees to a stated price in the contract that does not vary over the contract term, the contracts do not contain any material types of variable consideration, and contractual rights of return are not material. The Company has several contracts with distributors in international markets which include consideration paid to the customer in exchange for distinct marketing and other services. The Company records such consideration paid to the customer as a reduction to revenue from the contracts with those distributor customers.

In connection with the Acroval Neurosensory and Motor Testing System, the Company sold extended warranty and service packages to some of its customers who purchased this evaluation and measurement tool, and the prepayment of these extended warranties represent contract liabilities until the performance obligations are satisfied ratably over the term of the contract. The sale of the aforementioned extended warranty represents the only performance obligation the Company satisfies over time and creates the contract liability disclosed below. The opening and closing balances of the Company's contract receivables and liabilities are as follows:

Contract Balances Contract Liabilities, Long-										
(In thousands)	Ν	et Receivables Contract L	iabilities, Current	Term						
Opening, January 1, 2020	\$	16,944 \$	14 \$	15						
Closing, September 30, 2020		18,758	14	6						
Increase (decrease)		1,814	—	(9)						
Opening, January 1, 2021	\$	17,618 \$	14 \$	3						
Closing, September 30, 2021		18,567	14							
Increase (decrease)		949	—	(3)						

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts Receivable and Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company evaluates the collectability of accounts receivable to determine the appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts. In determining the amount of the allowance, the Company considers aging of account balances, historical credit losses, customer-specific information, the current economic environment, supportable forecasts and other relevant factors. An increase to the allowance for doubtful accounts results in a corresponding increase in general and administrative expense. The Company reviews accounts receivable and adjusts the allowance based on current circumstances and charges off uncollectible receivables against the allowance when all attempts to collect the receivable have failed. The Company's history of write-offs has not been significant. The allowance for doubtful accounts balance was approximately \$173 and \$416 at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

Concentrations of credit risk with respect to accounts receivable are limited because a large number of geographically diverse customers make up the Company's customer base, thus spreading the credit risk. The Company also controls credit risk through credit approvals and monitoring procedures.

Derivative Instruments

The Company analyzes all financial instruments with features under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 480, "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity" and ASC 815, "Derivatives and Hedging". The Company also reviews debt agreements for embedded features. If these features are not clearly and closely related to the debt host, they meet the definition of a derivative and require bifurcation from the host. All derivative instruments are recorded on the balance sheet at their respective fair values. The Company will adjust the carrying value of the derivative liability to fair value at each subsequent reporting date. The changes in the value of the derivatives are recorded in the consolidated statement of operations in the period in which they occur.

Net Loss Per Share

Basic net loss per share is computed by dividing reported net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the reported period. Diluted net loss per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock of the Company during the reporting period. Diluted net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the sum of the weighted average number of common shares and the number of potential dilutive common share equivalents outstanding during the period. Potential dilutive common share equivalents consist of the incremental common shares issuable upon the exercise of vested share options. Potential dilutive common share equivalents consist of stock options, restricted stock units ("RSUs"), and performance stock units ("PSUs").

Due to net losses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, basic and diluted net loss per share were the same, as the effect of potentially dilutive securities would have been anti-dilutive.

3. Recently Issued Standards to be Adopted

The Company's management has reviewed and considered all other recent accounting pronouncements and believe there are none that could potentially have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations, or disclosures.



4. Inventory

Inventory is comprised of unprocessed tissue, work-in-process, Avance[®] Nerve Graft, Axoguard[®] Nerve Connector, Axoguard[®] Nerve Protector, Axoguard[®] Nerve Cap, Acroval[®] Neurosensory and Motor Testing System, Axotouch[®] Two-Point Discriminator and supplies. Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or net realizable value and consists of the following:

(In thousands)	Sej	otember 30, 2021	E	December 31, 2020
Finished goods	\$	10,687	\$	8,876
Work in process		580		751
Raw materials		4,186		2,902
Inventory	\$	15,453	\$	12,529

Included within Inventory at December 31, 2020 is Avive[®] Soft Tissue Membrane ("Avive"). On May 17, 2021, the Company announced that it would suspend market availability of Avive effective June 1, 2021 pending ongoing discussions with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regarding the regulatory classification of Avive. The Company recorded a write-down of Avive inventory for an amount of \$1,251 recorded in cost of goods sold in the condensed consolidated statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 related to this announcement.

The Company monitors the shelf life of its products and historical expiration and spoilage trends and writes down inventory based on the estimated amount of inventory that may not be distributed before expiration or spoilage. The provision for inventory write-down was \$395 and \$484 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The provision for inventory write down was \$2,850 (including the reserve for Avive of \$1,251) and \$2,108 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

5. Fair Value Considerations

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received upon the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Valuation techniques used to measure fair value maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The fair value hierarchy defines a three-level valuation hierarchy for classification and disclosure of fair value measurements as follows:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The Company classifies cash equivalents and investments according to the hierarchy of techniques used to determine fair value based on the types of inputs. The Company has elected the Fair Value Option for all investments in debt securities.

On June 30, 2020, the Company entered into a seven-year financing agreement with Oberland Capital (the "Oberland Facility" - See Note - 10 Long-Term Debt), and concluded that the term debt instrument included certain embedded features that required separate accounting (the "Debt Derivative Liability") and that the equity contract entered into concurrently was required to be classified as a liability and recorded at its fair value. These instruments were determined to be financial liabilities requiring Level 3 fair value measurements.

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The following table represents the Company's fair value hierarchy for its financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020:

(In thousands)	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		Total
September 30, 2021					
Assets:					
Money market funds	\$ 33,334	\$ _	\$ _	\$	33,334
U.S. government securities	8,021	_	_		8,021
Commercial paper	_	36,968	_		36,968
Total assets	\$ 41,355	\$ 36,968	\$ 	\$	78,323
Liabilities					
Oberland facility	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 49,837	\$	49,837
Debt derivative liabilities		_	3,822		3,822
Total liabilities	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 53,659	\$	53,659
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		Total
December 31, 2020	 (Level 1)	 (Level 2)	 (Level 3)		Total
December 31, 2020 Assets:	 (Level 1)	 (Level 2)	 (Level 3)		Total
	\$ (Level 1) 23,044	\$ (Level 2)	\$ (Level 3)	\$	Total 23,044
Assets:	\$	\$ (Level 2) — —	\$ (Level 3) — —	\$	
Assets: Money market funds	\$ 23,044	\$ (Level 2) — 6,408	\$ (Level 3)	\$	23,044
Assets: Money market funds U.S. government securities	\$ 23,044	\$ 	\$ (Level 3)	\$	23,044 12,123
Assets: Money market funds U.S. government securities Corporate bonds	\$ 23,044	 	 (Level 3)	\$	23,044 12,123 6,408
Assets: Money market funds U.S. government securities Corporate bonds Commercial paper	 23,044 12,123 	 	 (Level 3)	·	23,044 12,123 6,408 36,668
Assets: Money market funds U.S. government securities Corporate bonds Commercial paper Total assets	 23,044 12,123 	 	 (Level 3)	\$	23,044 12,123 6,408 36,668
Assets: Money market funds U.S. government securities Corporate bonds Commercial paper Total assets Liabilities	\$ 23,044 12,123 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	23,044 12,123 6,408 36,668 78,243

Oberland Facility

The Company estimates the fair value of long-term debt under the Oberland Facility using a discounted cash flow analysis and rates being offered for similar loans to borrowers with similar credit ratings. The discounted cash flow model uses unobservable inputs, including estimates of discount rates and loan prepayments. Both tranches of the Oberland Facility are classified as Level 3. The estimated fair value of the Company's long-term debt under the Oberland Facility was \$49,837 and \$36,855 at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively (See Note 10 - Long-Term Debt).

Debt Derivative Liabilities

The Debt Derivative Liabilities are measured using a 'with and without' valuation model to compare the fair value of the Oberland Facility including the identified embedded derivative features and the fair value of a plain vanilla note with the same terms. The fair value of the Oberland Facility including the embedded derivative features was determined using a probability-weighted expected return model based on four potential settlement scenarios for the Oberland Facility due to (a) a mandatory prepayment event between January 1, 2024 and the respective maturity dates of June 30, 2027 and June 30, 2028 for the first and second tranche, respectively; (b) the prepayment of the Oberland Facility at the Company's option; and (c) the repayment of the Oberland Facility at its maturity in accordance with the terms of the debt agreement. The estimated settlement value of each scenario, which would include any required make-whole payment (See Note 10 - Long-Term Debt) is then discounted to present value using a discount rate that is derived based on the initial terms of the Oberland Facility at issuance and corroborated utilizing a synthetic credit rating analysis.



The significant inputs that are included in the valuation of the Debt Derivative Liability - first tranche include:

	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Input		
Remaining term (years)	5.75	6.50
Maturity date	June 30, 2027	June 30, 2027
Coupon rate	9.50 %	9.50 %
Revenue participation payments	Maximum each year	Maximum each year
Discount rate	8.78 % ₍₁₎	8.70 % ₍₁₎
Probability of mandatory prepayment before 2024	5.0 % ₍₁₎	5.0 % ₍₁₎
Estimated timing of mandatory prepayment event before 2024	December 31, 2023 ₍₁₎	December 31, 2023 ₍₁₎
Probability of mandatory prepayment 2024 or after	15.0 % ₍₁₎	15.0 % ₍₁₎
Estimated timing of mandatory prepayment event 2024 or after	March 31, 2026 ₍₁₎	March 31, 2026 ₍₁₎
Probability of optional prepayment event	5.0 % ₍₁₎	5.0 % ₍₁₎
Estimated timing of optional prepayment event	December 31, 2025 ₍₁₎	December 31, 2025 ₍₁₎

(1) Represents a significant unobservable input

The significant inputs that are included in the valuation of the Debt Derivative Liability - second tranche include:

	September 30, 2021
Input	
Remaining term (years)	6.75
Maturity date	June 30, 2028
Coupon rate	9.5%
Revenue participation payments	Maximum each year
Discount rate	11.3 %(1)
Probability of mandatory prepayment before 2024	5.0% (1)
Estimated timing of mandatory prepayment event before 2024	December 31, 2023 ₍₁₎
Probability of mandatory prepayment 2024 or after	15.0% (1)
Estimated timing of mandatory prepayment event 2024 or after	March 31, 2026(1)
Probability of optional prepayment event	5.0% (1)
Estimated timing of optional prepayment event	December 31, 2025 ₍₁₎

(1) Represents a significant unobservable input

There were no changes in the levels or methodology of the measurement of financial assets or liabilities during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021. The maturity dates of the Company's investments are less than one year.

The following represents the rollforward of the fair value of instruments classified as Level 3 measurements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 (in thousands):

Quarter Ending September 30, 2021	
Beginning Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 54,439
Change in fair value of Oberland Facility	(826)
Change in fair value of debt derivatives	 46
Ending Balance, September 30, 2021	\$ 53,659
Nine Months Ending September 30, 2021	
Beginning Balance, January 1, 2021	\$ 39,352
Addition of Oberland Facility - second tranche	13,827
Addition of debt derivative - second tranche	1,173
Change in fair value of Oberland Facility	(845)
Change in fair value of debt derivatives	152
Ending Balance, September 30, 2021	\$ 53,659

6. Prepaid Expenses and Other

Prepaid expenses and other consist of the following:

(In thousands)	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Prepaid insurance	\$ 796	\$ 2,596
Stock option receivable	55	2
Litigation receivable	23	23
Prepaid events	224	203
Prepaid marketing	416	587
Prepaid software license	259	220
Prepaid professional fees	216	251
Other prepaid items	907	414
Prepaid Expenses and Other	\$ 2,896	\$ 4,296

Our policy year for our insurance runs on a calendar year and as such a significant portion of the policy payment is made on or about the beginning of the new year and amortized to expense throughout the remaining year.

7. Property and Equipment, Net

Property and equipment consist of the following:

(In thousands)	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Furniture and equipment	\$ 4,253	\$ 2,334
Leasehold improvements	14,792	12,983
Processing equipment	3,840	2,634
Land	731	731
Projects in process	 39,596	 24,540
Property and equipment, at cost	63,212	43,223
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	 (6,884)	 (4,825)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 56,328	\$ 38,398

Depreciation expense for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 was \$654 and \$374, respectively. Depreciation expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 was \$2,059 and \$993, respectively. The significant increase in projects in process is related to our Axogen Processing Center ("APC") facility (See Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies).

On September 20, 2018, the Company entered into an agreement (the "Heights Agreement") with Heights Union, LLC, a Florida limited liability company ("Heights Union"), for the lease of seventy-five thousand square feet of office space in Tampa, Florida (See Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies) In May 2020, the Company entered into a construction escrow agreement with Heights Union and Commonwealth Land Title Insurance Company ("Escrow Agent"), which provided for the establishment of a federally insured escrow bank account (the "Escrow Account") to hold Company funds to be used for tenant improvements in excess of the tenant allowance as provided in the Heights Agreement. The Company deposited \$6,289 into the Escrow Account for use in completing construction of the tenant improvements. The Escrow Agent will disburse the funds upon joint written instructions from Heights Union and the Company. During the second quarter of 2021, \$759 was disbursed from the Escrow Account and is recorded in the property and equipment account on the condensed consolidated balance sheet. As of September 30, 2021, \$83 remained in the Escrow Account and is recorded as restricted cash in the condensed consolidated balance sheet.

8. Intangible Assets, Net

The Company's intangible assets consist of the following:

	September 30, 2021			December 31, 2020						
(In thousands) Amortized intangible assets	ss Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization	 Net Carrying Amount	_	Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization		Net Carrying Amount
Patents	\$ 2,258	\$	(206)	\$ 2,052	\$	1,496	\$	(139)	\$	1,357
License agreements	 1,101		(826)	 275		1,093		(745)		348
Total amortizable intangible assets	\$ 3,359	\$	(1,032)	\$ 2,327	\$	2,589	\$	(884)	\$	1,705
Unamortized intangible assets										
Trademarks	\$ 374	\$	_	\$ 374	\$	349	\$		\$	349
Total intangible assets	\$ 3,733	\$	(1,032)	\$ 2,701	\$	2,938	\$	(884)	\$	2,054

License agreements are being amortized over periods ranging from 17-20 years. Patent costs are being amortized over periods of up to 20 years. Amortization expense was approximately \$52 and \$39 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Amortization expense was approximately \$148 and \$111 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

As of September 30, 2021, future amortization of license agreements and patents is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
(In thousands)	
2021 (excluding the nine months ended September 30, 2021)	\$ 56
2022	222
2023	196
2024	119
2025	119
Thereafter	 1,615
Total	\$ 2,327

License Agreements

The Company has entered into multiple license agreements (together, the "License Agreements") with the University of Florida Research Foundation and the University of Texas at Austin. Under the terms of the License Agreements, the Company acquired exclusive worldwide licenses for underlying technology used in repairing and regenerating nerves. The licensed technologies include the rights to issued patents and patents pending in the United States and international markets. The effective term of the License Agreements extends through the term of the related patents and the agreements may be terminated by the Company with 60 days' prior written notice. Additionally, in the event of default, licensors may terminate an agreement if the Company fails to cure a breach after written notice. The License Agreements contain the key terms listed below:

- The Company pays royalty fees ranging from 1% to 3% under the License Agreements based on net sales of licensed products. One of the agreements also contains a minimum royalty of \$13 per quarter, which may include a credit in future quarters in the same calendar year for the amount the minimum royalty exceeds the royalty fees. Also, when the Company pays royalties to more than one licensor for sales of the same product, a royalty stack cap applies, capping total royalties at 3.75%;
- If the Company sublicenses technologies covered by the License Agreements to third parties, the Company would pay a percentage of sublicense fees received from the
 third party to the licensor. Currently, the Company does not sublicense any technologies covered by License Agreements. The Company is not considered a sub-licensee
 under the License Agreements and does not owe any sub-licensee fees for its own use of the technologies;
- The Company reimburses the licensors for certain legal expenses incurred for patent prosecution and defense of the technologies covered by the License Agreements; and
- Currently, under the University of Texas at Austin's agreement, the Company would owe a milestone fee of \$15 upon receiving a Phase II Small Business Innovation Research or Phase II Small Business Technology Transfer grant involving the licensed technology. The Company has not received either grant and does not owe such a milestone fee. A milestone fee to the University of Florida Research Foundation of \$2 is due if the Company receives FDA approval of its Avance Nerve Graft, a milestone fee of \$25 is due upon the first commercial use of certain licensed technology to provide services to manufacture products for third parties and a milestone fee of \$10 is due upon the first use to manufacture products that utilize certain technology that is not currently incorporated into the Company's products.

Royalty fees were approximately \$687 and \$701 during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and approximately \$2,037 and \$1,635 during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and are included in sales and marketing expense on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.



9. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consist of the following:

(In thousands)	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Accounts payable	\$ 6,428	\$ 4,597
Accrued expenses	6,361	3,778
Accrued compensation	 8,896	 13,593
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 21,685	\$ 21,968

10. Long-Term Debt, Net of Financing Fees

The carrying value of the Company's outstanding debt consists of the following:

(In thousands)	Septem	ber 30, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Oberland Facility - first tranche	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	
Oberland Facility - second tranche		15,000		_	
Less - unamortized debt discount and deferred financing fees		(3,762)		(2,973)	
Long-Term Debt, Net of Financing Fees	\$	46,238	\$	32,027	

Oberland Facility

On June 30, 2020, the Company entered into a seven-year financing agreement with Oberland Capital and obtained the first tranche of \$35,000 at closing. On June 30, 2021, the second tranche of \$15,000 was drawn down by the Company. The third and final tranche of \$25,000 may be drawn at the Company's option upon achieving two consecutive quarters with revenue of \$28,000. The financing costs for this facility were approximately \$642 and were recorded as a contra liability to the debt facility. As of September 30, 2021, the Company has paid all of the financing costs.

The Oberland Facility requires quarterly interest payments forseven years. Interest is calculated as 7.5% plus the greater of LIBOR or 2.0% (9.5% as of September 30, 2021). Each tranche of the Oberland Facility, if and when issued, will have a term of seven years from the date of issuance (with the first tranche issued on June 30, 2020 maturing on June 30, 2027 and the second tranche issued on June 30, 2021 maturing on June 30, 2028). In connection with the Oberland Facility, the Company entered into a revenue participation agreement with Oberland Capital, which provides that, among other things, a quarterly royalty payment as a percentage of the Company's net revenues, up to \$70 million in any given fiscal year, subject to certain limitations set forth therein, during the period commencing on the later of (i) April 1, 2021 and (ii) the date of funding of a tranche of the loan, and ending on the date upon which all amounts owed under the Oberland Facility have been paid in full (the "Revenue Participation Agreement"). Payments commenced on September 30, 2021. This royalty structure results in approximately 1.0% per year of additional interest payments on the outstanding loan amount. The Company recorded \$337 and \$590 as interest expense for this revenue participation agreement for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively. The Company pays the quarterly debt interest on the last day of the quarter, and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, paid \$1,218 and \$2,526 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively, to Oberland Tapital. The Company has capitalized interest of \$1,338 and \$2,526 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively, to wards the costs to construct and retrofit its Axogen Processing Center in Vandalia, OH (See Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies). To date, the Company has capitalized interest of \$3,495 related to this project. The capitalized interest of \$3,495 related to this project. The capitalized inter

Additionally, Oberland Capital had the right to purchase up to \$3,500 worth of the Company's common stock from the Company in one transaction at any time after closing of the Oberland Facility until the later of (i) the date all amounts due under the Oberland Facility are repaid and (ii) June 30, 2027 (the "Oberland Option"). The purchase price of the common stock will be calculated based on the 45-day moving average of the closing stock price on the day prior to the purchase. On December 10, 2020, Oberland Capital exercised in full its option under the Option Agreement. The exercise price was determined to be \$14.13, resulting in gross proceeds to the Company of approximately \$3,500 and the issuance of 247,699 shares to TPC Investments II LP, a wholly owned subsidiary of Oberland Capital. In conjunction with the issuance, Oberland Capital received certain protective rights (including protection from down-round stock issuances) for a period of one year subsequent to the issuance.



The amounts outstanding under the Oberland Facility may be accelerated upon certain events, including: (a) required mandatory prepayments upon an asset sale; (b) in the event the Company is subject to (i) any litigation brought by a Governmental Authority (as defined in the Oberland Facility) including intervention after litigation is commenced by a Person (as defined in the Oberland Facility), or (ii) any final administrative action by a Governmental Authority, in each case arising out of or in connection with any of the Company's registry studies, payments made to doctors or training activities with respect to healthcare professionals (excluding certain final administrative action that have been fully and finally resolved by the parties pursuant to a settlement agreement) or (c) upon the occurrence of an event of default (either automatically or at the option of Oberland Capital depending on the nature of the event). In addition, the Company has the right to prepay any amounts outstanding under the Oberland Facility. Upon maturity or upon such earlier repayment of the Oberland Facility, the Company will repay the principal balance and provide a make-whole payment calculated to generate an internal rate of return to Oberland Capital of at least 11.5%, less the total of all quarterly interest and royalty payments previously paid to Oberland Capital.

Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the interest rate incurred on amounts outstanding under the Oberland Facility will be increased by4%. The Oberland Facility includes a financial covenant requiring the Company to achieve revenue targets of \$8,750 for the third and four quarters of 2020, \$17,500 for the first and second quarter of 2021 and \$20,000 for each quarter thereafter. In the event of a failure to meet such covenant the Company may avoid a default by electing to be subject to a liquidity covenant and meeting all of the obligations required by such covenant. Specifically, the liquidity covenant provides that the Company must maintain on deposit in a cash collateral account an amount not less than 1.1 times the aggregate outstanding principal balance of all outstanding loan amounts. The borrowings under the Oberland Facility are secured by substantially all of the assets of the Company. As of September 30, 2021, the Company was in compliance with all covenants.

Accounting Considerations

The Company assessed the accounting impact of the Oberland Facility and the related agreements entered into with Oberland Capital. The Company concluded that the Oberland Facility and the Revenue Participation Agreement should be assessed on a combined unit of account basis (with the Revenue Participation Agreement being considered as an embedded feature with the Oberland Facility), and that the Oberland Option should be considered as a separate freestanding instrument for analysis purposes.

In relation to the Oberland Facility and Revenue Participation Agreement, the Company assessed the identified embedded features to determine if they would require separate accounting. In performing this assessment, the Company concluded the following embedded features met the definition of a derivative and would not be considered clearly and closely related to the debt instrument, requiring separate accounting as bifurcated derivatives:

- · Mandatory prepayments upon an asset sale or litigation involving the government, including the make-whole payment (put rights)
- Optional or automatic prepayment upon an event of default (put rights)
- Payments under the Revenue Participation Agreement (contingent interest feature)
- Additional interest upon events of default (contingent interest feature)

The Company considered these separable embedded features on a combined basis as a single derivative feature. The Company estimated the fair value of these features as \$2,387 as of the date of issuance of the Oberland Facility and recorded this value as a debt derivative liability. As a result of the second tranche draw, the Company recorded an additional derivative and estimated the fair value to be \$1,173.

Other credit facilities

The Company maintains restricted cash of \$6,333 and \$6,842 at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. The September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 balances both include \$6,000, which represents collateral for an irrevocable standby letter of credit. In March 2021, the Company entered into an agreement which required an additional irrevocable standby letter of credit in the amount of \$250. The remaining activity in the account relates to the Heights Union Escrow Account (See Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies).

11. Stock Incentive Plans

The Company maintains two share-based incentive plans: the Axogen 2019 Long-Term Incentive Plan ("2019 Plan") and the Axogen 2017 Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("2017 ESPP").



Overview of Equity Incentive Plan

At the 2019 Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on August 14, 2019, the shareholders approved the Axogen 2019 Long-Term Incentive Plan, which allows for the award of incentive stock options, non-qualified stock options, PSUs and RSUs to employees, directors and consultants. Awards under the 2019 Plan are priced at, or above, the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. The number of shares of common stock authorized for issuance under the 2019 Plan is (a) 3,385,482 shares, comprised of (i) 3,000,000 new authorized shares and (ii) 385,482 unallocated shares of common stock available for issuance as of August 14, 2019 pursuant to the Company's 2010 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended and restated (the "2010 Plan"), that were not then subject to outstanding awards; plus (b) shares under the 2010 Plan and the 2019 Plan that are cancelled, forfeited, expired, unearned or settled in cash, in any such case that does not result in the issuance of common stock. Following shareholder approved of the 2019 Plan, no future awards will be made under the 2010 Plan. At the 2021 Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on May 10, 2021, the shareholders approved an additional 2,500,000 shares to be allocated for issuance under the 2019 Plan. As of September 30, 2021,2,924,078 shares of common stock were available for issuance under the 2019 Plan.

The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense, which consisted of compensation expense related to employee stock options, PSUs and RSUs based on the value of share-based payment awards that are ultimately expected to vest during the period and stock-based compensation expense related to the 2017 ESPP, of approximately \$2,911 and \$2,947 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and approximately \$9,410 and \$5,725 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Stock Options

The options granted to employees prior to July 1, 2017 typically vest25% 1 year after the grant date and 12.5% every six months thereafter for the remaining three-year period until fully vested after four years. The options granted to employees after July 1, 2017 typically vest50% two years after the grant date and 12.5% every six months thereafter for the remaining two-year period until fully vested after four years. The options granted to employees after four years. The options granted to directors and certain options granted from time to certain executive officers have vested ratably over three years or 25% per quarter over one year. Options typically have terms ranging from seven to ten years.

The Company estimates the fair value of each option award issued under such plans on the date of grant using a Multiple Point Black-Scholes option-pricing model which uses a weighted average of historical volatility and peer company volatility. The Company determines the expected life of each award giving consideration to the contractual terms, vesting schedules and post-vesting forfeitures. The Company uses the risk-free interest rate on the implied yield currently available on U.S. Treasury issues with an equivalent remaining term approximately equal to the expected life of the award.

A summary of the stock option activity is as follows:

	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)
Outstanding, December 31, 2020	3,516,484	\$12.79	5.93	\$ 25,718
Granted	629,348	\$20.20		
Exercised	(698,150)	\$5.74		
Cancelled	(173,001)	\$16.75		
Outstanding, September 30, 2021	3,274,681	\$15.46	6.59	\$ 12,878
Exercisable, September 30, 2021	1,890,173	\$14.42	5.05	\$ 9,324

The Company used the following weighted-average assumptions for options granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2021:

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021
Expected term (in years)	5.88
Expected volatility	58.41 %
Risk free rate	1.01 %
Expected dividends	— %

Restricted and Performance Stock Units

RSUs granted to employees have a requisite service period of four years. The RSUs granted to directors and certain RSUs granted from time to time to certain executive officers have vested ratably over three years or over one year. The Company expenses the fair value of RSUs on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. PSUs generally have a requisite service period of three years and are subject to graded vesting conditions based on revenue goals of the Company. The Company expenses their fair value over the requisite service period.

A summary of the status of non-vested RSUs/PSUs as of September 30, 2021 and the changes during the nine months then ended are presented below:

	Outstanding Stock Units					
	Stock Units	Fair	eighted-Average r Value at Date of Frant per Share	Weighted Average Remaining Vesting Life		regate Intrinsic e (in thousands)
Unvested, December 31, 2020	1,782,905	\$	15.23	1.83	\$	31,825
Granted	863,014	\$	20.56			
Released	(206,193)	\$	16.68			
Forfeited	(250,710)	\$	16.22			
Unvested, September 30, 2021	2,189,016	\$	17.08	1.69	\$	34,586



Performance Stock Units

The Company estimates the fair value of the PSUs based on its closing stock price at the time of grant and its estimate of achieving such performance target and records compensation expense as the milestones are achieved. Over the performance period, the number of shares of common stock that will ultimately vest and be issued and the related compensation expense will be adjusted based upon the Company's estimate of achieving such performance target. The number of shares delivered to recipients and the related compensation cost recognized as an expense will be based on the actual performance metrics as set forth in the applicable PSU award agreement. The amount actually awarded will be based upon achievement of the performance measures.

At September 30, 2021, the total future stock compensation expense related to non-vested performance awards at maximum target payout is expected to be approximately \$6,240.

On March, 8, 2021, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors approved PSUs that were tied to 2022 revenue, the "2021 PSU award." The 2021 PSU award consists of a targeted award of 332,200 shares with a payout ranging from 0% to 200% upon achievement of specific revenue goals.

On July 17, 2020, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors approved PSU awards of 144,300 tied to the 2020 revenue. These awards were granted in midyear with certain revenue targets adjusted for the impact of COVID-19. The 2020 PSUs granted in July reached 110% achievement of revenue targets.

On February 21, 2020, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors approved PSUs that were tied to 2021 revenue, the "2020 PSU award". The 2020 PSU award consists of a targeted award of 348,000 shares. In June 2020, the Company concluded that the performance metrics relating to the 2020 PSU grant with performance metrics tied to 2021 revenue were no longer probable and therefore stock compensation expense related to these grants of \$340 was reversed. Subsequently, in the fourth quarter of 2020, it became probable that the Company would achieve 50% of these performance metrics and therefore adjusted stock compensation expense. In the third quarter of 2021, it was determined that the performance metrics tied to 2021 revenue were no longer probable; therefore stock compensation expense related to these grants of \$804 was reversed.

In February 2020, the Company issued PSUs relating to a 2017 grant with performance metrics tied to 2019 revenue. The award was issued av2.3% of achievement and therefore, 27.7% of the stock compensation expense, or \$536 relating to this grant was forfeited or reversed in the first quarter of 2020. Previously, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors granted PSUs that were tied to 2020 revenue in 2018. As a result of COVID-19, it was determined these PSU grants would not be awarded and therefore stock compensation expense related to these grants of \$1,161 was forfeited in the prior year.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

The Company also maintains the Axogen 2017 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, which allows eligible employees to acquire shares of the Company's common stock through payroll deductions at a discount to market price. A total of 600,000 shares of the Company's common stock are authorized for issuance under the 2017 ESPP, and as of September 30, 2021, 272,489 shares remain available for issuance.

12. Income Taxes

The Company has not recorded current income tax expense due to the generation of net operating losses. Deferred income taxes are accounted for using the balance sheet approach, which requires recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future consequences of temporary differences between the financial reporting basis and the tax basis of assets and liabilities. A valuation allowance is provided when it is more-likely-than-not that a deferred tax asset will not be realized. A full valuation allowance has been established on the deferred tax asset as it is more-likely-than-not that a future tax benefit will not be realized. In addition, future utilization of the available net operating loss carryforward may be limited under Internal Revenue Code Section 382 as a result of changes in ownership.

The Company identifies and evaluates uncertain tax positions, if any, and recognizes the impact of uncertain tax positions for which there is a less than more-likely-than-not probability of the position being upheld when reviewed by the relevant taxing authority. Such positions are deemed to be unrecognized tax benefits and a corresponding liability is established on the condensed consolidated balance sheet. The Company has not recognized a liability for uncertain tax positions. If there were an unrecognized tax benefit, the Company would recognize interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in interest

expense and penalties in operating expenses. The Company's remaining open tax years subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service include the years ended December 31, 2018 through 2020.

13. Commitments and Contingencies

Leases

The Company determines whether or not a contract contains a lease at the inception date and determines the lease classification, recognition and measurement at commencement date. The Company classifies a lease based on whether the arrangement is effectively a purchase of the underlying asset. Leases that transfer the control of the underlying asset are classified as finance leases and all others are classified as operating leases. Interest and amortization expense are recognized for operating leases on a straight-line basis. If a change to the lease term leads to a reassessment of the lease classification and remeasurement, assumptions such as the discount rate and variable rents based on a rate or index will be updated as of the remeasurement date. If an arrangement is modified, the Company will reassess whether the arrangement contains a lease. Any subsequent changes in lease payments are recognized when incurred, unless the change requires a remeasurement of the lease liability.

The Company made an accounting policy election to not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities that arise from short term leases, which are defined as leases with a lease term of 12 months or less at the lease commencement date.

We lease office space, medical lab and research space, a distribution center, a tissue processing center and equipment. We recognize lease expense for these leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Certain of the Company's leases include options for the Company to extend the lease term. None of the options were reasonably certain of exercise and therefore are not included in the measurement of lease obligations and right-of-use assets.

Certain of the Company's lease agreements include provisions for the Company to reimburse the lessor for common area maintenance, real estate taxes, and insurance, which the Company accounts for as variable lease costs. The Company's lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants.

The Company and Heights Union are parties to the Heights Agreement for the lease of seventy-five thousand square feet of office space in Tampa, Florida. Pursuant to the Heights Agreement, the Company uses the leased premises for general office, medical laboratory, training and meeting purposes. In September 2020, the Company began occupying the space. The lease includes a \$5,250 lessor allowance to be used towards the hard and soft costs of the tenant improvements. The Company incurred the cost of any tenant improvement in excess of this allowance. The Company concluded that it is the accounting owner of the tenant improvements. The lessor's allowance of \$5,250 for the construction of tenant improvements has been treated as an incentive. Because the Company is the accounting owner of the improvements, the lease incentive is accounted for as a reduction of the right-of-use asset and the total cost of the improvements of \$12,149 is recognized on the condensed consolidated balance sheet separate from the right-of-use asset as leasehold improvements. The Company determined the commencement date of the lease was August 28, 2020 and valued the lease using a 10.6% incremental borrowing rate. The Company recorded a right-of-use asset of \$13,323 and lease liability of \$18,573 for the new office lease as of the commencement date. On July 12, 2021, the Company entered the First Amendment to the Office Lease (the "First Amendment") to the Heights Agreement. The First Amendment, the Company is entitled to an additional 1 ½ months of free rent periods.

On July 13, 2021, the Company entered into the Sixth Amendment to Lease (the "Sixth Amendment") with Ology Bioservices Holdings, LLC ("Ology") as successor in interest to SNH Medical Office Properties Trust. Ology is the landlord of the Company's currently leased, approximately 19,000 square foot corporate headquarters facility in Alachua, Florida. The Sixth Amendment amends the term of the lease to expire on October 31, 2026. The Company recorded a right-of-use asset and lease liability of \$1,303 related to this extension.



The components of total lease expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 were as follows:

(In thousands)	2021		2020	
For the Three Months Ended September 30,				
Finance lease costs				
Amortization of right-of-use assets	\$	6	\$	6
Interest on lease liabilities				1
Operating lease costs		1,032		707
Short term lease costs		4		43
Variable lease costs		169		4
Total lease cost	\$	1,211	\$	761
For the Nine Months Ended September 30,				
Finance lease costs				
Amortization of right-of-use assets	\$	17	\$	17
Interest on lease liabilities		1		2
Operating lease costs		3,113		1,683
Short term lease costs		15		104
Variable lease costs		506		14
Total lease cost	\$	3,652	\$	1,820

The short-term lease costs shown above reasonably reflect the Company's ongoing short-term lease commitments. The increase in variable lease costs is due to the common area maintenance expenses associated with the Tampa office space.

Supplemental balance sheet information related to leases as of September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 was as follows:

(In thousands)	Septem	ber 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Finance Leases				
Finance lease right-of-use assets	\$	47	\$ 64	4
Current maturities of long-term obligations	\$	12	\$ 17	7
Long-term obligations	\$	5	\$ 13	3
Operating Leases				
Operating lease right-of-use assets	\$	15,588	\$ 15,614	4
Current maturities of long-term obligations	\$	1,662	\$ 846	6
Long-term obligations	\$	21,266	\$ 20,864	4

Other information related to leases was as follows (\$ in thousands):

For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		021	 2020	
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of operating lease liabilities	\$	1,117	\$ 1,3	399
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new finance lease liabilities	\$		\$	16
Weighted-average remaining lease term - finance leases (in years)		1.7		2.3
Weighted-average remaining lease term - operating leases (in years)		11.5		12.4
Weighted-average discount rate - finance leases		7.28 %	7.28	%
Weighted-average discount rate - operating leases		10.26 %	10.07	%

The weighted-average discount rate for the majority of the Company's leases is based on the Company's estimated incremental borrowing rate since the rates implicit in the leases were not determinable. The Company's incremental borrowing

rate is based on Management's estimate of the rate of interest the Company would have to pay to borrow on a fully collateralized basis over a similar term and amount equal to the lease payments.

Service Agreements

On August 6, 2015, the Company entered into a License and Services Agreement (the "CTS Agreement") with Community Blood Center (d/b/a Community Tissue Services) ("CTS"), in Dayton, Ohio, an FDA registered tissue establishment. Processing of the Avance Nerve Graft pursuant to the CTS Agreement began in February 2016. The CTS Agreement initially had a five-year term ending August 31, 2020. After three previous term extensions, on February 22, 2021, the CTS Agreement was further amended to extend the term of the agreement to December 31, 2023. Under the CTS Agreement, the Company pays CTS a facility fee for use of clean room/manufacturing, storage and office space, which the Company accounts for as an embedded lease in accordance with ASC 842, "Leases." The Company also pays CTS for services in support of its manufacturing process including for routine sterilization of daily supplies, providing disposable supplies, microbial services and office support. During the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company recorded expenses of approximately \$630 and \$454, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company recorded expenses of approximately \$1,901 and \$1,193, respectively. These expenses are included in cost of goods sold on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

In August 2008, the Company entered into an agreement with Cook Biotech to distribute the Axoguardproducts worldwide and the parties subsequently amended the agreement on February 26, 2018. Pursuant to the February 2018 amendment, the agreement expires on June 30, 2027. The Cook Biotech agreement establishes a formula for the transfer cost of the Axoguard products and requires certain minimum purchases, although, through mutual agreement, the parties have not established such minimums; and, to date, have not enforced such provision. Under the Cook Biotech agreement, the Company provides purchase orders to Cook Biotech, and Cook Biotech fulfills the purchase orders.

In December 2011, the Company also entered into a Master Services Agreement for Clinical Research and Related Services. The Company was required to pay \$151 upon execution of this agreement and the remainder monthly based on activities associated with the execution of the Company's phase 3 pivotal clinical trial to support a biologics license application ("BLA") for Avance Nerve Graft. In March 2020, the Company entered into an amendment to this agreement. The amendment extends the end of the study timeline from December 2020 to December 2021. It also increases the total number of subjects enrolled and the number of sites used in the studies. Payments made under this agreement were \$362 and \$208 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Payments made under this agreement were \$794 and \$699 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

In June 2017, the Company entered into the Nerve End Cap Supply Agreement (the "Supply Agreement") with Cook Biotech whereby Cook Biotech is the exclusive contract manufacturer of the Axoguard Nerve Cap and both parties have provided the other party the necessary licenses to their technologies for operation of the Supply Agreement. The Supply Agreement has a term through August 27, 2027. Under the Supply Agreement the Company provides purchase orders to Cook Biotech, and Cook Biotech fulfills the purchase orders.

Certain executive officers of the Company are parties to employment contracts. Such contracts have severance payments for certain conditions including change in control.

Concentrations

Vendor

Substantially all of the Company's revenue is currently derived from four products, Avance Nerve Graft, Axoguard Nerve Protector, Axoguard Nerve Connector, and Axoguard Nerve Cap for the treatment of peripheral nerve damage. Of these four products, Avance Nerve Graft represents approximately half of the Company's total revenue. The Company has an exclusive distribution agreement with Cook Biotech for the purchase of Axoguard which expires June 30, 2027. The agreement with Cook Biotech establishes a formula for the transfer cost of the Axoguard products and requires certain minimum purchases by the Company, although, through mutual agreement, the parties have not established such minimums and to date have not enforced such provision.

The agreement allows for termination provisions for both parties. The loss of the ability to sell the Axoguard products could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business until other replacement products would be available.



Processor

The Company is highly dependent on the continued availability of its processing facilities at CTS in Dayton, Ohio and could be harmed if the physical infrastructure of this facility is unavailable for any prolonged period of time. In addition, disruptions could lead to significant costs and reductions in revenues, as well as a potential harm to the Company's business reputation and financial results. In the event of disruption, the Company believes it can find and make operational a new leased facility in less than six months, but the regulatory process for approval of facilities is time-consuming and unpredictable. The Company's ability to rebuild or find acceptable lease facilities could take a considerable amount of time and expense and could cause a significant disruption in service to its customers. Although the Company has business interruption insurance, which would cover certain costs, it may not cover all costs nor help to regain the Company's standing in the market.

In July 2018, the Company purchased a facility, the APC, in Vandalia, Ohio, located near the CTS processing facility where Avance Nerve Graft and Avive Soft Tissue Membrane are currently processed. The APC, when and if operational, will be the new processing facility for Avance Nerve Graft and Avive Soft Tissue Membrane to provide continued capacity for growth and to support the transition of Avance Nerve Graft from a 361 HCT/P tissue product to a biologic product. The APC is comprised of a 70,000 square foot building on approximately 8.6 acres of land. The Company paid \$731 for the land and this is recorded as Land within the property and equipment account on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet. The Company paid \$4,300 for the building and this is recorded as projects in process as part of the property and equipment on the condensed consolidated balance sheet.

On July 9, 2019, the Company entered into a Standard Form of Agreement Between Owner and Design-Builder (the "Design-Build Agreement") with CRB Builders, L.L.C., a Missouri limited liability company ("CRB"), pursuant to which CRB will renovate and retrofit the APC. The Design-Build Agreement contains several design phase milestones that began in July 2019 and sets the date for Substantial Completion (as defined in the Design-Build Agreement) by late 2021, subject to adjustment in accordance with the terms of the Design-Build Agreement. The estimated cost pursuant to the Design-Build Agreement is \$29,300. Additional costs associated with the renovation, purchasing of furniture and equipment, validation and certification of the APC are estimated to be \$13,600. The Company temporarily deferred the construction as part of the cost containment initiatives implemented in the second quarter of 2020, and subsequently resumed construction in early January of 2021. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company has recorded \$4,008 and \$15,165, respectively, related to renovations and design and build in projects in progress. The Company has recorded \$30,855 to date related to this project. In addition to these project costs, the Company has capitalized interest of \$1,338 and \$2,526 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively. To date, the Company has capitalized interest of \$3,495 related to this project. These items are recorded as projects in process as part of the property and equipment in the condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Litigation

The Company is subject to various claims, lawsuits and proceedings in the ordinary course of the Company's business, some of which have been dismissed by the Company. In the opinion of management, such claims are either adequately covered by insurance or otherwise indemnified, or are not expected, individually or in the aggregate, to result in a material, adverse effect on the Company's financial condition. However, it is possible that the Company's results of operations, financial position and cash flows in a particular period could be materially affected by these contingencies.

On January 9, 2019, Plaintiff Neil Einhorn, on behalf of himself and others similarly situated, filed a putative class action complaint in the United Stated District Court for the Middle District of Florida alleging violations of the federal securities laws against Axogen, Inc., certain of its directors and officers ("Individual Defendants"), and Axogen's 2017 Offering Underwriters and 2018 Offering Underwriters (collectively, with the Individual Defendants, the "Defendants"), captioned Einhorn v. Axogen, Inc., et al., No. 8:19-cv-00069 (M.D. Fla.). Plaintiff asserts that Defendants made false or misleading statements in connection with the Company's November 2017 registration statement issued regarding its secondary public offering in November 2017 and May 2018 registration statement issued regarding its secondary public offering in May 2018. In particular, Plaintiff asserts that Defendants issued false and misleading statements and failed to disclose to investors: (1) that the Company aggressively increased prices to mask lower sales; (2) that the Company's pricing alienated customers and threatened the Company's future growth; (3) that ambulatory surgery centers form a significant part of the market for the Company's products; (4) that such centers were especially sensitive to price increases; (5) that the Company was dependent on a small number of surgeons whom the Company paid to generate sales; (6) that the Company's consignment model for inventory was reasonably likely to lead to channel stuffing; (7) that the Company offered purchase incentives to sales representatives to encourage channel stuffing; (8) that the Company's key operating metrics; (9) that the Company lacked adequate internal controls to prevent such channel stuffing and backdating of revenue; (10) that the Company's key operating metrics, such as number of active accounts, were overstated; and (11) that, as a result of the foregoing, Defendants' positive statements about the

Company's business, operations, and prospects, were materially misleading and/or lacked a reasonable basis. Axogen was served on January 15, 2019. On February 4, 2019, the court granted the parties' stipulated motion which provided that Axogen is not required to file a response to the complaint until thirty days after Plaintiff files a consolidated amended complaint. On June 19, 2019, Plaintiff filed an Amended Class Action Complaint, and on July 22, 2019, Defendants filed a motion to dismiss. Plaintiff filed opposing papers on August 12, 2019. The Court held a status hearing on September 11, 2019 and stayed all deadlines regarding the parties' obligations to file a case management report. On December 4, 2019 the parties' presented oral arguments. On April 21, 2020, the Court dismissed the complaint without prejudice, finding the Plaintiff filed a Second Amended Class Action Complaint on June 22, 2020. Axogen filed a motion to dismiss on August 6, 2020. The Plaintiff filed an opposition on September 20, 2020. The Court held oral argument on February 25, 2021. On March 19, 2021, the Court dismissed the Second Amended Class Action Complaint with prejudice, finding again that the Plaintiff filed to state a claim upon which relief could be granted. In April 14, 2021. The Court held oral argument on February 25, 2021. On March 19, 2021, the Court dismissed the Second Amended Complaint with prejudice, finding again that the Plaintiff filed to state a claim upon which relief could be granted. On April 14, 2021, Plaintiff filed a notice of appeal. Plaintiff filed is opening brief on June 28, 2021. The Company filed its appellee brief on August 11, 2021. The Plaintiff filed a reply brief on September 14, 2021. The Company and Individual Defendants dispute the allegations and intend to vigorously defend against the Complaint. The amount of loss, if any, cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

Jackson v. Zaderej, et al., No. 8:19-cv-01976 U.S. District Court (M.D. FL). On August 12, 2019, Plaintiff Harvey Jackson, derivatively on behalf of Axogen, filed a verified shareholder derivative complaint for violations of securities laws, breach of fiduciary duty, waste of corporate assets and unjust enrichment against Quentin S. Blackford, Gregory G. Freitag, Mark Gold, Jamie M. Grooms, Alan M. Levine, Peter J. Mariani, Guido Neels, Robert J. Rudelius, Amy Wendell, and Karen Zaderej (the "Individual Defendants") and Nominal Defendant Axogen, Inc. ("Axogen") (collectively, "Defendants"). Plaintiff asserts that the Individual Defendants, who are current or former Axogen officers or directors, issued a false proxy statement for the election of directors in violation of Section 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, breached their fiduciary duties, wasted corporate assets and were unjustly enriched by allowing Axogen to make false public statements to investors based on the same claims in the report issued December 18, 2018 by Seligman Investments (the same allegations that form the basis for the Einhorn matter and the Bussey shareholder demand). Plaintiff demands judgment in the Company's favor against all Individual Defendants as follows: (A) declaring that Plaintiff may maintain this action on behalf of Axogen, and that Plaintiff is an adequate representative of Company; (B) declaring that the Individual Defendants have breached and/or aided and abetted the breach of their fiduciary duties to Axogen; (C) determining and awarding to Axogen the damages sustained by it because of the violations set forth above from each of the Individual Defendants, jointly and severally, together with pre- and post-judgment interest thereon; (D) directing Axogen and the Individual Defendants to take all necessary actions to reform and improve its corporate governance and internal procedures to comply with applicable laws and protect Axogen and its shareholders from a repeat of the damaging events described therein, including, but not limited to, putting forward for shareholder vote the following resolutions for amendments to the Company's Bylaws or Articles of Incorporation and the following actions as may be necessary to ensure proper corporate governance policies: (i) a proposal to strengthen the Board's supervision of operations and develop and implement procedures for greater shareholder input into the policies and guidelines of the Board, (ii) a provision to permit the shareholders of Axogen to nominate at least six candidates for election to the Board; and (iii) a proposal to ensure the establishment of effective oversight of compliance with applicable laws, rules, and regulations; (E) awarding Axogen restitution from Individual Defendants, and each of them; (F) awarding Plaintiff the costs and disbursements of this action, including reasonable attorneys' and experts' fees, costs, and expenses; and (G) granting such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper. The Defendants filed a motion to dismiss on October 22, 2019. In response. Plaintiffs voluntarily withdrew their complaint and the matter was dismissed without prejudice by the court on November 5, 2019.

Novitzki v. Zaderej, et al, 19-CA-11745 DIV L (13th Judicial Circuit, Hillsborough Cnty., Fl.). On November 11, 2019, Plaintiff Joseph Novitzki, derivatively on behalf of Axogen, filed a verified stockholder derivative complaint for breach of fiduciary duty, waste of corporate assets and unjust enrichment against Karen Zaderej, Gregory G. Freitag, Peter J. Mariani, Amy Wendell, Robert J. Rudelius, Mark Gold, Guido Neels, and Jamie M. Grooms (the "Individual Defendants") and Nominal Defendant Axogen, Inc. ("Axogen") (collectively, "Defendants"). Plaintiff asserts that the Individual Defendants, who are current or former Axogen officers or directors, breached their fiduciary duties, wasted corporate assets and were unjustly enriched by allowing Axogen to make false public statements to investors based on the same claims in the report issued December 18, 2018 by Seligman Investments (the same allegations that form the basis for the Einhorn matter and the Bussey shareholder demand). Plaintiff demands judgment in the Company's favor against all Individual Defendants as follows: (A) against all of the defendants and in favor of the Company for the amount of damages sustained by the Company as a result of the defendants' breaches of fiduciary duties, waste of corporate assets, and unjust enrichment; (B) directing Axogen to take all necessary actions to reform and improve its corporate governance and internal procedures to comply with applicable laws and to protect Axogen and its stockholders from a repeat of the dadanging events described herein, including, but not limited to, putting forward for stockholder vote, resolutions for amendments to the Company's Bylaws or Articles of Incorporation and taking such other action as may be necessary to place before stockholders for a vote of the following corporate governance policies: (1) directing Axogen to employ an independent, third-party expert to calculate the Company's market size (including the dollar values of Axogen's total addressable market and portion of the mark

provision to control insider selling; (3) a proposal to strengthen Axogen's oversight of its disclosure procedures; (4) a proposal to strengthen the Company's controls over financial reporting; (5) a proposal to strengthen the Board's supervision of operations and develop and implement procedures for greater stockholder input into the policies and guidelines of the Board; and (6) a provision to permit the stockholders of Axogen to nominate at least three candidates for election to the Board; (C) extraordinary equitable and/or injunctive relief as permitted by law, equity, and state statutory provisions sued hereunder, including attaching, impounding, imposing a constructive trust on, or otherwise restricting the proceeds of defendants' trading activities or their other assets so as to assure that plaintiff on behalf of Axogen has an effective remedy; (D) Awarding to Axogen restitution from defendants, and each of them, and ordering disgorgement of all profits, benefits, and other compensation obtained by the defendants; (E) awarding to plaintiff the costs and disbursements of the action, including reasonable attorneys' fees, accountants' and expense; the court deems just and proper. After Defendants' counsel had multiple discussions with Plaintiff's counsel pointing out that it's complaint was deficient for the same reasons argued in Jackson, the Plaintiff agreed to voluntarily dismiss the complaint without prejudice, which the court so-ordered on January 24, 2020.

Bach v. Zaderej, et al., 27-cv-20-5997 (Hennepin Cnty., Minn.). On April 21, 2020, Plaintiff Michael Bach, derivatively on behalf of Axogen, filed a verified stockholder derivative complaint for breach of fiduciary duty, insider selling, corporate waste and unjust enrichment against Karen Zaderej, Gregory G. Freitag, Peter J. Mariani, Amy Wendell, Robert J. Rudelius, Mark Gold, Guido Neels, Jamie M. Grooms, Quentin S. Blackford, and Alan M. Levine (the "Individual Defendants") and Nominal Defendant Axogen, Inc. ("Axogen") (collectively, "Defendants"). The Bach Complaint has not yet been served on Defendants and therefore no response is necessary at this time.

These matters are subject to various uncertainties and it is possible that it may be resolved unfavorably to the Company. However, while it in not possible to predict with certainty the outcome of the matter, the Company and the Individual Defendants dispute the allegations and intend to vigorously defend themselves.

14. Retirement Plan

Axogen 401(k) Plan

The Company sponsors the Axogen 401(k) plan (the "401(k) Plan"), a defined contribution plan covering substantially all employees of the Company. All full-time employees who have attained the age of 18 are eligible to participate in the 401(k) Plan. Eligibility is immediate upon employment and enrollment is available any time during employment. Participating employees may make annual pretax contributions to their accounts up to a maximum amount as limited by law. The 401(k) Plan requires the Company to make matching contributions of 3% on the first 3% of the employee's annual salary and 1% of the next 2% of the employee's annual salary as long as the employee participates in the 401(k) Plan. Both employee contributions and Company contributions vest immediately. Employer contributions to the 401(k) Plan for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 were approximately \$343 and \$276, respectively, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 were approximately \$958 and \$859, respectively.

ITEM 2 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Unless the context otherwise requires, all references in this report to "Axogen," the "Company," "we," "us" and "our" refer to Axogen, Inc., and its wholly owned subsidiaries Axogen Corporation ("AC"), Axogen Processing Corporation, and Axogen Europe GmbH.

OVERVIEW

We are the leading company focused specifically on the science, development and commercialization of technologies for peripheral nerve regeneration and repair. We are passionate about helping to restore peripheral nerve function and quality of life to patients with physical damage or transection to peripheral nerves providing innovative, clinically proven and economically effective repair solutions for surgeons and health care providers. Peripheral nerves provide the pathways for both motor and sensory signals throughout the body. Every day people suffer traumatic injuries or undergo surgical procedures that impact the function of their peripheral nerves. Physical damage to a peripheral nerve, or the inability to properly reconnect peripheral nerves, can result in the loss of muscle or organ function, the loss of sensory feeling or the initiation of pain.

Our platform for peripheral nerve repair features a comprehensive portfolio of products, including Avance[®] Nerve Graft, a biologically active off-the-shelf processed human nerve allograft for bridging severed peripheral nerves without the comorbidities associated with a second surgical site, Axoguard[®] Nerve Connector, a porcine submucosa extracellular matrix ("ECM") coaptation aid for tensionless repair of severed peripheral nerves, Axoguard Nerve Protector, a porcine submucosa ECM product used to wrap and protect injured peripheral nerves and reinforce the nerve reconstruction while preventing soft tissue attachments, and Axoguard Nerve Cap[®], a porcine submucosa ECM product used to protect a peripheral nerve end and separate the nerve from the surrounding environment to reduce the development of symptomatic or painful neuroma. Along with these core surgical products, we also offer the Axotouch[®] Two-Point Discriminator, used to measure the innervation density of any surface area of the skin. Our portfolio of products is available in the United States, Canada, the United Kingdom, several European countries, South Korea and other international countries.

Revenue from the distribution of our nerve repair products, Avance Nerve Graft, Axoguard Nerve Connector, Axoguard Nerve Protector, and Axoguard Nerve Cap in the United States is the main contributor to our total reported sales and has been the key component of our growth to date.

We have experienced that surgeons initially are cautious adopters for nerve repair products. Surgeons typically start with a few cases and then wait and review the results of these initial cases. Active accounts are usually past this wait period and have developed some level of product reorder. These active accounts have typically gone through the committee approval process, have at least one surgeon who has converted a portion of his or her treatment algorithms of peripheral nerve repair to our portfolio and have ordered our products at least 6 times in the last 12 months. In the third quarter of 2021, we had 954 active accounts, an increase of 9% from 875 one year ago. Active accounts are approximately 85% of our revenue. The top 10% of these active accounts continue to represent approximately 35% of our revenue. As our business continues to grow, we have transitioned to reporting a new account metric that we believe demonstrates the strength of adoption and potential revenue growth in accounts that have developed a more consistent use of Axogen products in their nerve repair algorithm. We refer to these as "Core Accounts" which we define as accounts that have purchased at least \$100,000 in the past 12 months. In the third quarter of 2021, we had 292 Core Accounts, an increase of 18% from 248 one year ago. These Core Accounts represented approximately 60% of our revenue in the quarter, which has remained consistent over the past two years.

There have been no significant changes to our critical accounting policies from those disclosed in our 2020 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Avive

As previously announced, we suspended the market availability of Avive[®] Soft Tissue Membrane effective June 1, 2021 and we continue discussions with the FDA to determine the appropriate regulatory classification and requirements for Avive. The suspension was not based on any safety or product issues or concerns with Avive. We seek to return Avive to the market, although we are unable to estimate the timeframe or provide any assurances that a return to the market will be achievable. Avive has historically represented approximately 5% of our revenues through the second quarter of 2021, and no Avive revenue was recorded in the third quarter of 2021.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the Three Months Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020

	Three Months Ended September 30,					
	 2	021	2020			
	 % o Amount Reven		Amount	% of Revenue		
	(dollars in thousands)					
Revenues	\$ 31,204	100.0 %	\$ 33,428	100.0 %		
Cost of goods sold	5,239	16.8	5,697	17.0		
Gross Profit	 25,965	83.2	27,731	83.0		
Costs and expenses						
Sales and marketing	18,370	58.9	17,726	53.0		
Research and development	6,404	20.5	4,230	12.7		
General and administrative	7,880	25.3	6,820	20.4		
Total costs and expenses	 32,654	104.6	28,776	86.1		
Loss from operations	 (6,689)	(21.4)	(1,045)	(3.1)		
Other (expense) income:	 					
Investment income	17	0.1	28	0.1		
Interest expense	(417)	(1.3)	(397)	(1.2)		
Change in fair value of derivatives	(46)	(0.1)	(71)	(0.2)		
Other expense	(6)	_	6	_		
Total other (expense) income, net	 (452)	(1.4)	(434)	(1.3)		
Net Loss	\$ (7,141)	(22.9)%	\$ (1,479)	(4.4)%		

Revenues

Revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2021 decreased (7)% to \$31,204 as compared to \$33,428 for the three months ended September 30, 2020. The decline in revenues was driven by a decrease in unit volume of approximately 10%, partially offset by the changes in prices of approximately 3%. Prior year revenue included approximately \$3.3 million from procedures deferred from the first half of 2020 as a result of the initial impact of the COVID-19 pandemic; and approximately \$1.5 million from Avive Soft Tissue Membrane, for which the Company voluntarily suspended market availability as of June 1, 2021.

Gross Profit

Gross profit for the three months ended September 30, 2021 decreased (6)% to \$25,965 as compared to \$27,731 for the three months ended September 30, 2020, in direct correlation with the decrease in revenues. Gross margin remained consistent at approximately 83% for both the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

Costs and Expenses

Total costs and expenses increased 13% to \$32,654 for the three months ended September 30, 2021, as compared to \$28,776 for the three months ended September 30, 2020. Total operating expenses in the third quarter included \$2,911 in non-cash stock compensation, compared to \$2,947 in the prior year. The increase in total operating expenses over the prior year includes higher facility costs related to our new Tampa facility, and increased compensation, travel and project costs as we have returned to more normalized spending levels over the past few quarters following the steep reduction in spend as a result of our cost mitigation initiatives enacted at the beginning of the COVID-19 pandemic, partially offset by lower bonus, commission and stock compensation charges in the third quarter due to lower revenue expectations for 2021. As a percentage of total revenues, total costs and expenses increased to 105% for the three months ended September 30, 2021, as compared to 86% for the three months ended September 30, 2020.



Sales and marketing expenses increased 4% to \$18,370 for the three months ended September 30, 2021, as compared to \$17,726 for the three months ended September 30, 2020. This increase was primarily due to an increase in travel related expenses as hospital access restrictions improved and increased spend in marketing development programs, partially offset by lower compensation related expenses including sales commissions. As a percentage of total revenues, sales and marketing expenses increased to 59% for the three months ended September 30, 2021 as compared to 53% for the three months ended September 30, 2020.

Research and development expenses increased 51% to \$6,404 for the three months ended September 30, 2021, as compared to \$4,230 for the three months ended September 30, 2020. Research and development costs include our product development efforts, including expenses in support of our biologics license application ("BLA") for Avance Nerve Graft and clinical trials. Product development expenses represented approximately 76% of total research and development expenses in the three months ended September 30, 2021 as compared to 49% in the prior year period. Clinical trial expenses represented approximately 24% of research and development expenses in the three months September 30, 2021 as compared to 51% in the prior year period. The increase in product development expenses reflect increased spending in specific programs, including our efforts related to the BLA for Avance Nerve Graft and a next generation Avance product. Additionally, pandemic related restrictions lowered spending on certain of our clinical study programs in the prior year. As a percentage of total revenues, research and development expenses increased to 21% for the three months ended September 30, 2021 as compared to 13% for the three months ended September 30, 2020.

General and administrative expenses increased 16% to \$7,880 for the three months ended September 30, 2021, as compared to \$6,820 for the three months ended September 30, 2020. The increase was primarily due to an increase in compensation and legal fees, partially offset by lower bonus and stock compensation charges in the third quarter due to lower revenue expectations for 2021. As a percentage of total revenues, general and administrative expenses increased to 25% for the three months ended September 30, 2021, as compared to 20% for the three months ended September 30, 2020.

Income Taxes

We had no income tax expense or benefit for each of the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 due to the incurrence of net operating losses in each of these periods, the benefits of which have been fully reserved. We do not believe that there are any additional tax expenses or benefits currently available.

Comparison of the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020

	Nine Months Ended September 30,							
	2021			2020				
	1	Amount	% of Revenue			Amount	% of Revenue	
			(do	llars in	thousand	ls)		
Revenues	\$	95,821	100.0	%	\$	79,805	100.0	%
Cost of goods sold		17,503	18.3			16,118	20.2	
Gross Profit		78,318	81.7			63,687	79.8	
Costs and expenses								
Sales and marketing		55,594	58.0			49,854	62.5	
Research and development		17,875	18.7			12,915	16.2	
General and administrative		24,912	26.0			18,726	23.5	
Total costs and expenses		98,381	102.7			81,495	102.1	
Loss from operations		(20,063)	(20.9)			(17,808)	(22.3)	
Other (expense) income:								
Investment income		80	0.1			576	0.7	
Interest expense		(1,427)	(1.5)			(459)	(0.6)	
Change in fair value of derivatives		(152)	(0.2)			(71)	(0.1)	
Other expense		(137)	(0.1)			(14)	_	
Total other (expense) income, net		(1,636)	(1.7)			32	_	
Net Loss	\$	(21,699)	(22.6)	%	\$	(17,776)	(22.3)	%

Revenues

Revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 increased 20% to \$95,821 as compared to \$79,805 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. Revenue growth was driven by an increase in unit volume of approximately 15%, as well as the net impact of changes in prices and product mix of approximately 5%. The unit volume increase was attributed to growth in our core and active accounts, and also reflects the initial negative impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, which began to negatively impact procedure volumes and revenue in March of 2020.

Gross Profit

Gross profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 increased 23% to \$78,318 as compared to \$63,687 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. Gross margin increased to 82% for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 as compared to 80% for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 as we continue to increase production levels. Prior year gross margin was negatively impacted by lower revenue, a \$2,114 increase in period costs resulting from our temporary suspension of tissue processing as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic and a \$2,108 provision for inventory write-down. In the nine months ended September 30, 2021, we recorded a \$2,850 provision for inventory write-down, including the reserve for Avive of \$1,251.

Costs and Expenses

Total costs and expenses increased 21% to \$98,381 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 as compared to \$81,495 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. Total operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 included \$9,410 in non-cash stock compensation, compared to \$5,725 in the prior year. The increase in total operating expenses, including non-cash stock compensation, over the prior year includes higher facility costs related to our new Tampa facility, and increased compensation, travel and project costs as we have returned to more normalized spending levels over the past few quarters following the steep reduction in spend as a result of our cost mitigation initiatives enacted at the beginning of the COVID-19 pandemic. As a percentage of total revenues, total costs and expenses increased to 103% for the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

Sales and marketing expenses increased 12% to \$55,594 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021, as compared to \$49,854 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. This increase was primarily due to higher compensation related

expenses including sales commissions and increased spend in marketing development programs. As a percentage of total revenues, sales and marketing expenses decreased to 58% for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 as compared to 62% for the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

Research and development expenses increased 38% to \$17,875 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 as compared to \$12,915 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. Product development expenses represented approximately 75% of total research and development expenses in the nine months ended September 30, 2021 as compared to 47% in the prior year period. Clinical trial expenses represented approximately 25% of research and development expenses in the nine months ended September 30, 2021 as compared to 53% in the prior year period. The increase in product development expenses reflect increased spending in specific programs, including our efforts related to the BLA for Avance Nerve Graft and a next generation Avance product. Additionally, pandemic related restrictions lowered spending on certain of our clinical study programs in 2020, have restarted over the past few quarters and spend on these and other clinical activities continue to increase in 2021. As a percentage of total revenues, research and development expenses increased to 19% for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 as compared to 16% for the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

General and administrative expenses increased 33% to \$24,912 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 as compared to \$18,726 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. This increase was primarily due to higher compensation, including stock compensation and increased legal fees. As a percentage of total revenues, general and administrative expenses increased to 26% for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 as compared to 23% for the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

Other Expense and Income

We recognized total other expense of \$1,636 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 as compared to other income of \$32 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The change is primarily due to interest expense recognized in the current period on our financing agreement with Oberland Capital (the "Oberland Facility") that began June 30, 2020, and lower investment income from our asset management program as we lowered our investment balances and increased cash reserves.

Income Taxes

We had no income tax expense or benefit for each of the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, due to the incurrence of net operating losses in each of these periods, the benefits of which have been fully reserved. We do not believe that there are any additional tax expenses or benefits currently available.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flow Information

As of September 30, 2021, we had cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash of \$53,063, a decrease of \$2,546 from \$55,609 at December 31, 2020, primarily as a result of renovating the APC and increasing inventory levels, partially offset by the proceeds from long-term debt and sales of investments, as well as cash flow from employee option exercises.

We had working capital of \$111,609 and a current ratio of 5.8x at September 30, 2021, compared to working capital of \$122,420 and a current ratio of 6.4x at December 31, 2020. The decrease in the current ratio at September 30, 2021, as compared to December 31, 2020, was primarily due to a decrease in investments year over year. We believe we have sufficient cash resources to meet our liquidity requirements for at least the next 12 months based on our expected level of operations.

Our future capital requirements depend on a number of factors including, without limitation, revenue increases consistent with our business plan, cost of products and acquisition and/or development of new products. We could face increasing capital needs. Such capital needs could be substantial depending on the extent to which we are unable to increase revenue.



If we need additional capital in the future, we could draw additional debt proceeds of up to an additional \$25,000 from our current financing agreement with Oberland Capital subject to certain restrictions as set forth in the agreement and described in Note 10 - Long Term Debt in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. If necessary, we may raise additional funds through public or private equity offerings, debt financings or from other sources. The sale of additional equity would result in dilution to our shareholders. There is no assurance that we will be able to secure funding on terms acceptable to us, or at all. The increasing need for capital could also make it more difficult to obtain funding through either equity or debt. Should additional capital not become available to us as needed, we may be required to take certain action, such as slowing sales and marketing expansion, delaying regulatory approvals or reducing headcount.

	Ν	Nine Months Ended September 3		
(In thousands)		2021	2020	
Net cash (used in) provided by:				
Operating activities	\$	(11,891) \$	(12,463)	
Investing activities		(10,064)	2,389	
Financing activities		19,409	35,959	
Net (decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$	(2,546) \$	25,885	

Cash used in operating activities

Operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 used \$11,891 of cash as compared to using \$12,463 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The decrease in operating cash outflows primarily relates to higher share-based compensation and depreciation, resulting in an increase in net loss as compared to the prior period, partially offset by an increase in inventory.

Cash used in / provided by investing activities

Investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 used \$10,064 of cash as compared to providing \$2,389 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. This decrease in cash provided by investing activities is principally attributable to higher sales of investments in the prior year as part of our asset management program.

Cash provided by financing activities

Financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 provided \$19,409 of cash as compared to providing \$35,959 of cash for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The decrease in cash provided by financing activities is due to the drawdown of the \$15,000 second tranche of the Oberland Facility in the second quarter of 2021 as compared to a \$35,000 drawdown of the first tranche in the same period of the previous year. This decrease is slightly offset by the increase in cash received from the exercise of employee stock options.

Operating Cash Requirements

APC Commitment

On July 9, 2019, we entered into the Design-Build Agreement with CRB, pursuant to which CRB will renovate and retrofit the APC (See Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements).

Tampa Commitment

Pursuant to the Heights Agreement, we are using the leased premises in Tampa, Florida for general office, research laboratory, training and meeting purposes. We began occupying the premises in September of 2020. The lease term includes several months of free rent, and these free periods will cease in the second half of fiscal 2021. We recorded a right-of-use asset and lease liability at the commencement of the lease term as discussed in Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

On July 12, 2021, we entered into the First Amendment to the Office Lease (the "First Amendment") to the Heights Agreement. The First Amendment revises the commencement date of the Office Lease to mean October 30, 2020 and revises the termination date of the Office Lease to be October 31, 2034. Pursuant to the First Amendment, we were entitled to an additional $1\frac{1}{2}$ months of free rent periods.

Credit Facilities

On June 30, 2020, we entered into the Oberland Facility and obtained the first tranche of \$35,000 at closing. On June 30, 2021, the second tranche of \$15,000 was drawn down by the Company. The third and final tranche of \$25,000 may be drawn at our option upon achieving two consecutive quarters with revenue of \$28,000. The financing costs for this facility were approximately \$642 and were recorded as a contra liability to the debt facility.

The Oberland Facility requires quarterly interest payments for seven years. Interest is calculated as 7.5% plus the greater of LIBOR or 2.0% (9.5% as of September 30, 2021). Each tranche of the Oberland Facility, if and when issued, will have a term of seven years from the date of issuance with the first tranche issued on June 30, 2020 and maturing on June 30, 2027 and the second tranche issued on June 30, 2021 and maturing on June 30, 2028. In connection with the Oberland Facility, we entered into a revenue participation agreement with Oberland Capital, which provides that, among other things, an additional quarterly royalty payment as a percentage of our net revenue, up to \$70,000 in any given fiscal year, subject to certain limitations set forth therein, during the period commencing on the later of (i) April 1, 2021 and (ii) the date of funding of a tranche of the loan, and ending on the date upon which all amounts owed under the Oberland Facility have been paid in full (the "Revenue Participation Agreement"). Payments commenced on September 30, 2021. This royalty structure results in approximately 1.0% per year of additional interest payments on the outstanding loan amount.

Material Commitments

As previously disclosed in Note 13 – Commitments and Contingencies, in July 2018, we purchased a 70,000 square foot facility, the APC, on approximately 8.6 acres of land in Vandalia, Ohio.

On July 9, 2019, we entered into the Design-Build Agreement with CRB (which was subsequently amended on October 6, 2020), pursuant to which CRB will renovate and retrofit the APC. The Design-Build Agreement contains several design phase milestones that began in July 2019 and sets the date for Substantial Completion (as defined in the Design-Build Agreement) by late 2021, subject to adjustment in accordance with the terms of the Design-Build Agreement. The estimated cost pursuant to the Design-Build Agreement is \$29,300. Additional costs associated with the renovation, purchasing of furniture and equipment, validation and certification of the APC are estimated to be \$13,600. These capital expenditure costs will be incurred as they arise until material processing is transitioned to APC, expected to begin in early 2023. As of September 30, 2021, we have recorded \$15,165 in the current year and \$30,855 to date related to renovations and design build in projects in progress. These renovations included providing a second floor over a portion of the facility which increases the total usable space to 107,000 square feet. These items are recorded as projects in process as part of the property and equipment in our condensed consolidated balance sheet. In addition, we capitalize interest expense from our debt facility based on the amount of accumulated expenditures of this asset during the period that is required to get the asset ready for its intended use. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, we capitalized interest of \$3,495 related to this project.

We expect to receive certain economic development grants from state and local authorities totaling up to \$2,685 including \$1,250 of cash grants to offset costs to acquire and develop the APC. The economic development grants are subject to certain job creation milestones by 2023 and related contingencies. We have received approximately \$1,188 from these grants. These grants have claw back clauses if we do not meet these job creation milestones by 2023.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

For a discussion of our market risks, refer to Item 7A, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk," included in our 2020 Annual Report on Form 10-K. There have been no material changes to any of these risks since December 31, 2020.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain "disclosure controls and procedures" as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, and Board of Directors, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired objectives, and we necessarily are required to apply our judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible disclosure controls and procedures.

Our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2021 and concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended September 30, 2021 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(d) or 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act).

PART II -OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1 – LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

As disclosed in Note 13 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we are engaged in certain legal proceedings, and the disclosure set forth in Note 13 relating to legal proceedings is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 1A - RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in our 2020 Annual Report on Form 10-K. However, any investment in our business involves a high degree of risk. Before making an investment decision, you should carefully consider the information we include in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including our unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes, our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020, including our financial statements and related notes contained therein, and the additional information in the other reports we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These risks may result in material harm to our business and our financial condition and results of operations. In this event, the market price of our common stock may decline and you could lose part or all of your investment. Additional risks that we currently believe are immaterial may also impair our business operations. Our business, financial conditions and future prospects and the trading price of our common stock could be harmed as a result of any of these risks.

ITEM 2 - UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3 - DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4 - MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not Applicable.

ITEM 5 - OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6 - EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Description
10.1	First Amendment to Office Lease, dated as of July 12, 2021, by and among Axogen, Inc., Axogen Corporation, and Heights Union I, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on July 16, 2021).
10.2	Sixth Amendment to Lease, dated as of July 13, 2021, by and between Axogen Corporation and Ology Bioservices Holdings, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on July 16, 2021).
31.1†	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2†	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002.
32††	Certifications of the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS†	XBRL Instance Document – The instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH†	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL†	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF†	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB†	XBRL Extension Labels Linkbase.
101.PRE†	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104†	Cover Page Interactive Data File – The cover pages does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document

† Filed herewith.

†† Furnished herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

AXOGEN, INC.

Dated: November 4, 2021

Dated: November 4, 2021

/s/ Karen Zaderej

Karen Zaderej Chief Executive Officer and President (Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Peter J. Mariani

Peter J. Mariani Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Karen Zaderej, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Axogen, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

- a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

- a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 4, 2021

/s/ Karen Zaderej Karen Zaderej Chief Executive Officer and President

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Peter J. Mariani, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Axogen, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 4, 2021

/s/ Peter J. Mariani Peter J. Mariani Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002 (SUBSECTIONS (A) AND (B) OF SECTION 1350, CHAPTER 63 OF TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE)

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the "Report") of Axogen, Inc. (the "Company"), Karen Zaderej, Chief Executive Officer and President of the Company and Peter J. Mariani, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of her/his knowledge that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: November 4, 2021

/s/ Karen Zaderej Karen Zaderej Chief Executive Officer and President (Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Peter J. Mariani Peter J. Mariani Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)